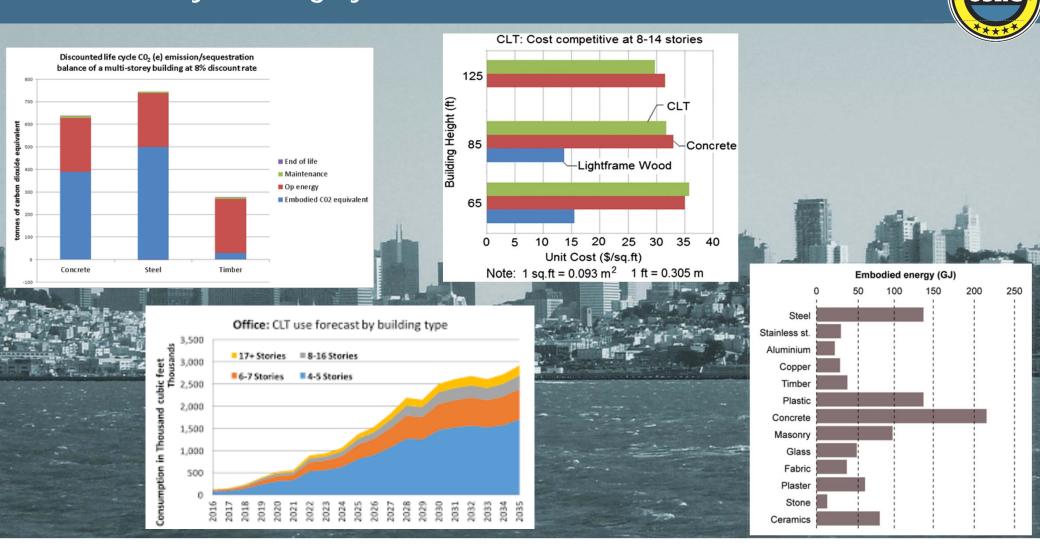




Evan Reis, SE

Sustainability has largely been defined in terms of <u>CARBON</u>



Concrete industry research and "sustainability"



- CO2 and the Concrete Industry: Cement and Concrete as a Carbon Dioxide Sink PCA
- Cement Producers Are Developing a Plan to Reduce CO2 Emissions Scientific American
- UCLA researchers turn carbon dioxide into sustainable concrete UCLA
- Concrete CO2 Fact Sheet NRMCA 2012
- Case Studies of CO2 Utilization in Concrete ACI 2015
- Life Cycle Assessment of Structural Concrete... "the environmental impact of concrete structures" ACI 2018

Resilience Is different than "Green Design"

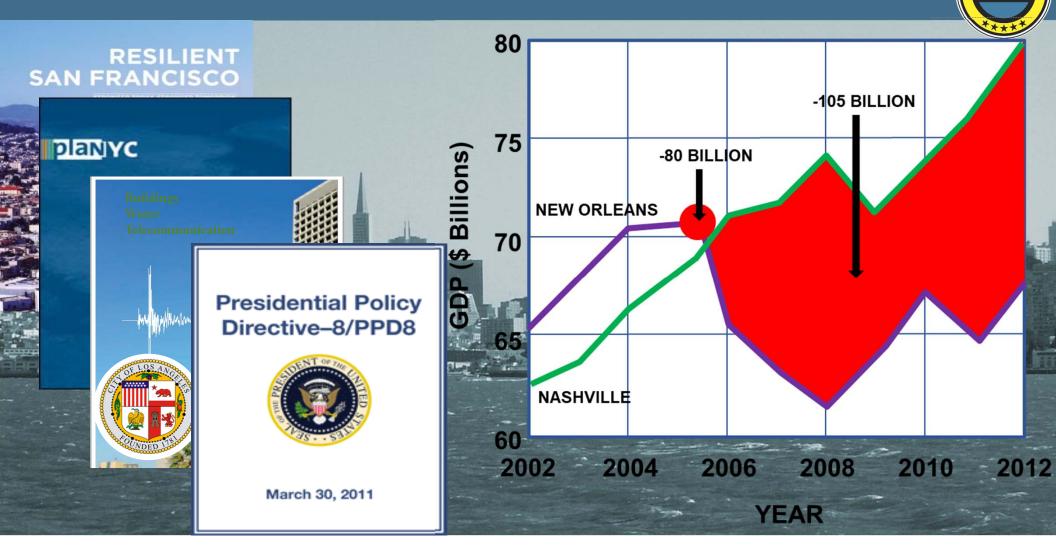


LEED certified buildings in Superstorm Sandy were designed to have a low impact on the environment...

...but not for the environment to have a low impact on them.



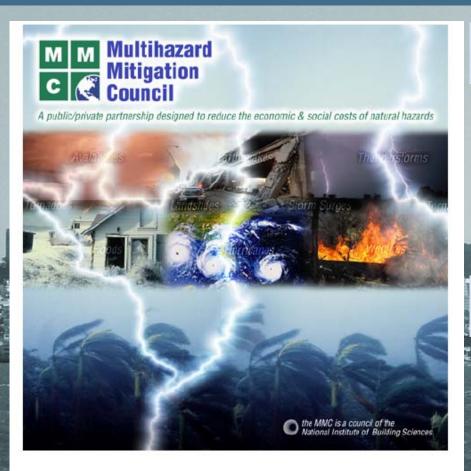
Sustainability is more than eliminating carbon





Benefits of mitigation and enhanced design





NATURAL HAZARD MITIGATION SAVES: An Independent Study to Assess the Future Savings from Mitigation Activities

Federal grants can save the nation, on average, \$6 in future disaster costs, for every \$1 spent on hazard mitigation.

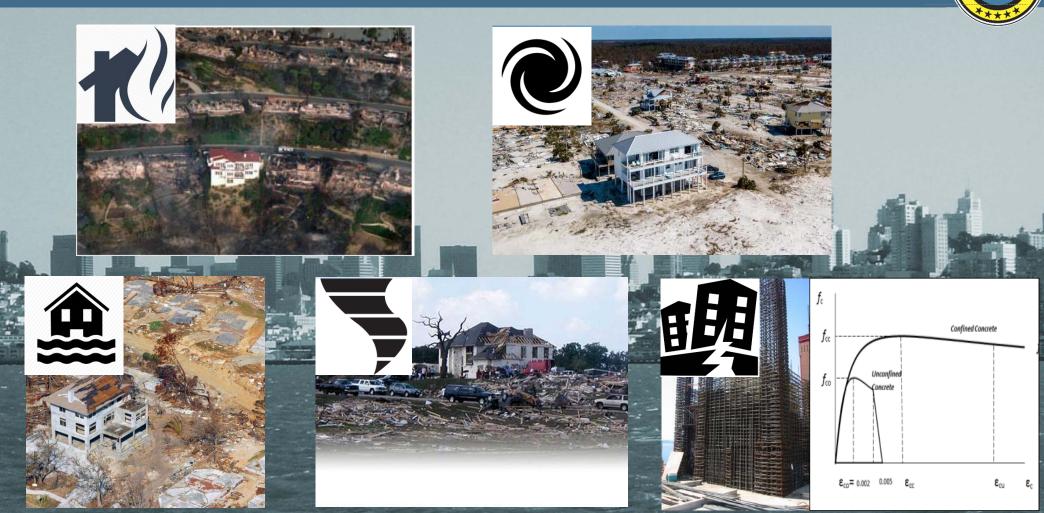
Investments in hazard mitigation measures that exceed 2015 model building codes can save the nation, on average, \$4 for every \$1 spent.

Implementing these strategies would prevent 600 deaths, 1 million injuries and 4,000 cases of (PTSD) in the long term.

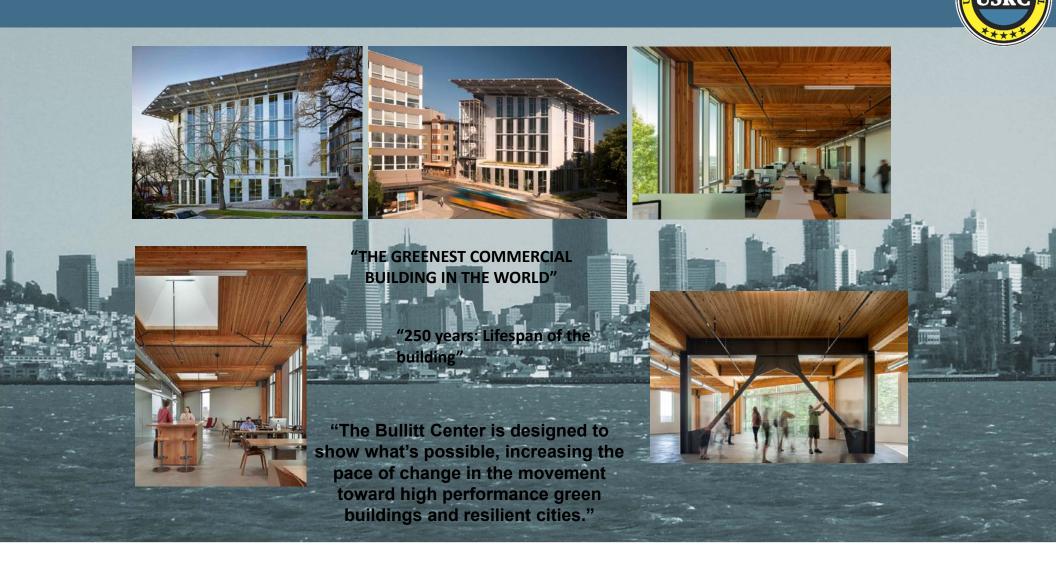
In addition, designing new buildings to exceed the 2015 codes would result in 87,000 new, long-term job.

Concrete's unique multi-hazard resilience



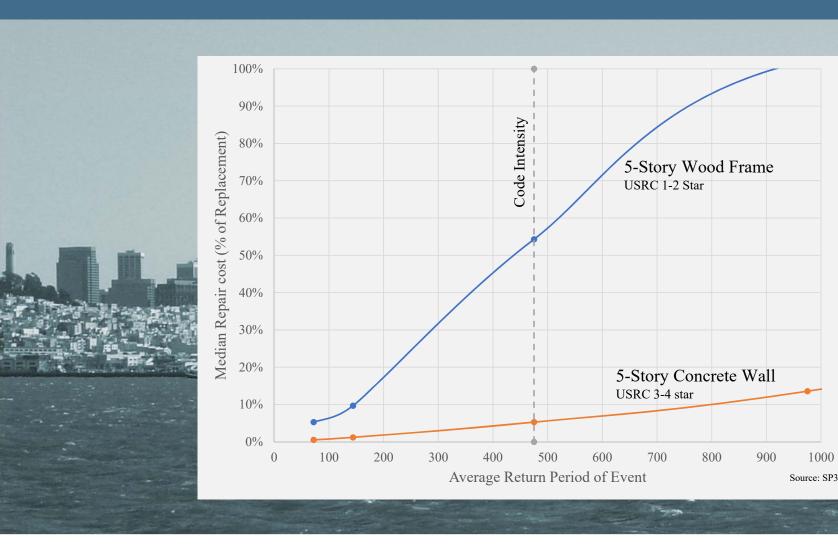


The Bullitt Center - Seattle



State of the art performance metrics







1000

US Resiliency Council performance metrics











Minimal Damage (<5%)

Moderate Damage (<10%)

Significant Damage (<20%)

Substantial Damage (<40%)

Severe Damage (40%+)

Immediate to Days

Within days to weeks

Within weeks to months

Within months to a year

More than a year



CODE BASED DESIGN

Loss of life likely

RESILIENCE BASED DESIGN

Case study: 4-story mixed-use office building





- 4-story, +/- 82,000 sf
- Civic office building with space for community college and retail
- Code-based design

Safety ****

• Conditions unlikely to cause injuries or to keep people from exiting the building.

Damage ****

• The mean repair cost is less than 5% of building replacement cost.

Recovery ****

• The median recovery time to regain basic function is less than one week.



Case study: 9-story affordable housing





- 9-Stories
- Low income housing
- Reinforced concrete
- Rocking foundation

Safety ***

• Conditions unlikely to cause injuries

Damage ***

• The mean repair cost is less than 10% of building replacement cost.

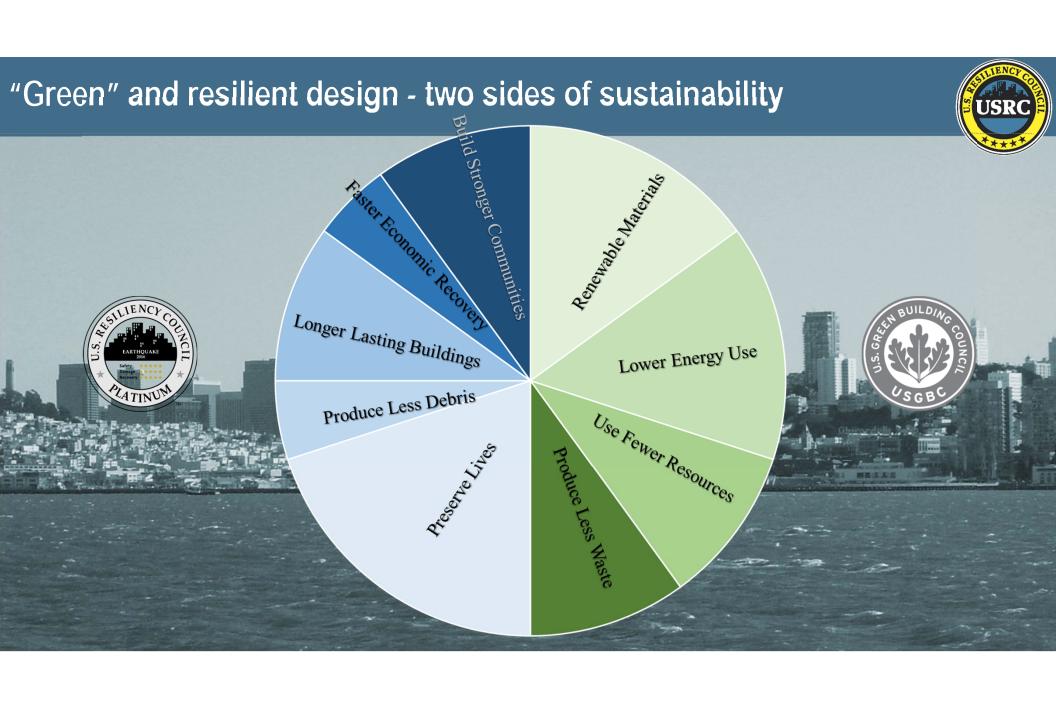
Recovery ***

• The median recovery time to regain basic function is less than one month.

Community design guidelines SAFETY *** SAFETY *** SAFETY ** DAMAGE *** DAMAGE *** Housing RECOVERY *** DAMAGE * RECOVERY *** SAFETY *** RECOVERY * DAMAGE ** RECOVERY ★★★ Food Functional ■ Not Functional Schools

USRC collaborations

- MIT Concrete Sustainability Hub Planning More Resilient Cities
- Alliance For National and Community Resilience Resilience Benchmarks
- USRC Members include: PCA, PCI, NRMCA, Cal Portland, CNCA, NCC/PNBRC, BASF, Clark Pacific, CMACN
- USRC Concrete Industry Partners Committee
- Applied Technology Council Building Wildfire Rating System
- Pilot project with Fannie Mae on resilient mortgages for multi-family construction



Firing with both barrels - a strategy for resilience



- Understand the place that buildings have in community, corporate and family resilience
- Quantify the social and economic returns of resilient design to all stakeholder groups
- Expand LCA to consider the reduction in Nat Cat impacts from resilient design
- Calculate expected building costs to achieve higher performance levels

